
Quickstart Guide: FMS atmospheric dynamical cores

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This document describes how to acquire, compile, and run specific test cases of four solo FMS atmospheric dynamical core models. The available codes are a finite-difference B-grid model, a spectral transform model, and a "vertically Lagrangian" finite-volume model running the Held-Suarez GCM benchmark. Also included are a B-grid shallow water model and two simple spectral variations, a spectral barotropic model and spectral shallow water model.

For more information, see the [User's Guide](#) [guide.html] which is included in this package and also accessible from the [FMS Homepage](http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/~fms) [http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/~fms].

Table of Contents

1. Acquire the Source Code	1
2. Run the Model	1
2.1. The Provided Sample Experiments	2
2.2. Functionality of the Sample Runscripts	2
2.3. Portability Issues with the Sample Runscripts	3
2.4. Changing the Sample Runscripts	3
3. Examine the Output	4

1. Acquire the Source Code

The Flexible Modeling System development team at GFDL uses a local implementation of GForge to serve FMS software, located at <http://fms.gfdl.noaa.gov>. In order to obtain the source code, you must [register](#) [https://fms.gfdl.noaa.gov/account/register.php] as an FMS user on our software server. After submitting the registration form on the software server, you should receive an automatically generated confirmation email within a few minutes. Clicking on the link in the email confirms the creation of your account.

After your account has been created, you should [log in](https://fms.gfdl.noaa.gov/account/login.php) [https://fms.gfdl.noaa.gov/account/login.php] and request access to the FMS Atmospheric Dynamical Cores project. Once the FMS project administrator grants you access, you will receive a second e-mail notification. This email requires action on the part of the project administrator and thus may take longer to arrive. The email will contain instructions for obtaining the release package, which are described below.

The download will create a directory called atm_dycores in your current working directory containing the release package. The [readme](#) [../readme] file in the atm_dycores directory gives a brief overview of the package's directory structure and contents.

Sample output is also available for download. See [Section 3, "Examine the Output"](#) for more information on the sample output.

2. Run the Model

2.1. The Provided Sample Experiments

This release includes six sample experiments in the directory `atm_dycores/exp` [`../exp/`]. Each runs one of the atmospheric dynamical core models, which are:

- *B-grid*

A hydrostatic, finite difference primitive equation GCM. A complete description can be found at ../src/atmos_bgrid/documentation/bgrid.pdf.

- *B-grid Shallow Water*

A B-grid model of shallow incompressible fluid dynamics. A description of the B-grid dynamical core can be found at ../src/atmos_bgrid/documentation/bgrid.pdf.

- *Spectral*

A hydrostatic, spectral primitive equation GCM. A complete description can be found at ../src/atmos_spectral/documentation/spectral_core.pdf.

- *Spectral Shallow Water*

A spectral model of shallow incompressible fluid dynamics. A complete description can be found at ../src/atmos_spectral_shallow/shallow.pdf.

- *Spectral Barotropic*

A spectral model of non-divergent incompressible fluid dynamics. A complete description can be found at ../src/atmos_spectral_barotropic/barotropic.pdf.

- *Finite Volume*

A "vertically Lagrangian" finite-volume model. A complete description can be found in

Lin, S-J., 2004: A "vertically Lagrangian" finite-volume dynamical core for global models. *Monthly Weather Review*, **132**(10), 2293-2307.

[Abstract](http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/reference/bibliography/2004/sjl0402.html) [<http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/reference/bibliography/2004/sjl0402.html>] / [PDF](http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/reference/bibliography/2004/sjl0402.pdf) [<http://www.gfdl.noaa.gov/reference/bibliography/2004/sjl0402.pdf>]

2.2. Functionality of the Sample Runscripts

The runscripts provided in each `exp/$dycore` [`../exp`] directory perform the minimum required steps to run the models and are intended only as a starting point for the development of more practical runscripts. The sample script:

- compiles the **mppnccombine** executable for multiprocessing platforms,
- compiles and links the model source code,
- creates a working directory where the model will be run,
- creates or copies the required input data into the working directory, and
- runs the model.

Note that the directory paths and file paths are variables. They are initially set to correspond to the directory structure as it exists upon download, but are made variables to accommodate changes to this directory structure.

The diagnostic fields output from the models is multithreaded. That is, each processor writes a separate file which

includes data only from its own portion of the globe (its "domain"). A utility named **mppnccombine** is supplied which is executed after the model execution is complete and which combines these into a single file which covers the entire globe. For a complete description of **mppnccombine** see the [mppnccombine documentation](#) [guide.html#mppnccombine] in the user's guide.

The output is not moved from the working directory, archiving of output is left to the user. The files needed to restart the model are left in the working directory's subdirectory called RESTART. If it is desired to restart the model from this state, do the following:

1. Move the files in `$workdir/RESTART` to `$workdir/INPUT`.
2. The **mppnccombine** utility will not overwrite preexisting diagnostic field files in `$workdir`, so they must be moved or renamed before restarting.
3. Comment the `if (-e $workdir)` block in the runscript, which prevents accidental reuse of the working directory.
4. You can then execute the runscript again.

2.3. Portability Issues with the Sample Runscripts

If you encounter a compile error when executing the sample runscript, please first check whether you have correctly customized your **mkmf** template. The scripts use the **mkmf** utility, which creates make files to facilitate compilation. The **mkmf** utility uses a platform-specific template for setting up system and platform dependent parameters. Sample templates for various platforms are provided in the `atm_dycores/bin` [../bin] directory. You may need to consult your system administrator to set up a compilation template for your platform and ensure the locations for system libraries are defined correctly. For a complete description of **mkmf** see the [mkmf documentation](#) [../bin/mkmf.html]. The `$platform` variable in the runscript is used to separate and identify platform-specific items in the runscript, including the **mkmf** template.

The execution is accomplished with a utility called **mpirun**, which is unique to machines by Silicon Graphics. This may need to be changed to run on other platforms.

2.4. Changing the Sample Runscripts

2.4.1. Changing the length of the run and atmospheric time step

By default the scripts are set up to run only one or two days. The run length is controlled by the namelist `main_nml` which is set directly in the runscripts for convenience. To increase the run length to 200 days, change the namelist parameter `days` in the runscript as follows. The other parameter in the namelist, `dt_atmos`, controls the atmospheric time step.

```
&main_nml
  days      = 200,
  dt_atmos  = 1800 /
```

2.4.2. Changing the number of processors

By default the scripts are set up to run with the MPI library, but only on one processor. To increase the number of processors, change the `$npes` variable at the top of the sample runscript. You may need to consult the documentation for each particular model concerning appropriate processor counts for that model.

To run without the MPI library, do the following:

1. Make sure you are only using one processor, ie, the variable `$npes` is set to 1 at the top of the sample runscript.
2. Change the run command in the runscript from "`mpirun -np $npes fms.x`" to simply "`fms.x`".
3. Remove the `-Duse_libMPI` from the `mkmf` line in the runscript.
4. Remove the `-lmpi` from the `$LIBS` variable in your `mkmf` template.
5. Move or remove your previous compilation directory (specified as `$exedir` in the runscript) so that all code must be recompiled.

3. Examine the Output

You may download sample output data for comparison at <https://fms.gfdl.noaa.gov/projects/fms/> under the "Files" tab. Each tar file expands to a directory containing a readme file along with netcdf and ascii output. The files `bgrid_output.tar.gz`, `fv_output.tar.gz` and `spectral_output.tar.gz` contain daily snapshots of surface pressure and time means of all fields over the 200 to 1200 day period. The file `bgrid_shallow_output.tar.gz` contains daily snapshots of surface pressure and time means of all fields over a 30 day period. The file `spectral_barotropic_output.tar.gz` contains 1000 days of diagnostic output with a 200 day spin-up period for the spectral barotropic model. `spectral_shallow_output.tar.gz` contains 30 days of diagnostic output for the spectral shallow water model.